

I do/work/like etc. (present simple, forme affirmative)

A



They're looking at their books.
They **read** a lot. *Ils lisent beaucoup.*



He's eating an ice-cream.
He **likes** ice-cream. *Il aime les glaces.*

They **read** / he **likes** / I **work** etc. sont des formes du PRESENT SIMPLE:

I/we/you/they	read	like	work	live	watch	do	have
he/she/it	reads	likes	works	lives	watches	does	has

Attention: on dit **he works** / **she lives** / **it rains** etc. (avec -s).

- **I work** in a shop. **My brother works** in a bank. (et non pas My brother work)
- **Lucy lives** in London. **Her parents live** in Scotland.
- **It rains** a lot in winter.

I **have** → he/she/it **has**:

- **John has** a shower every day.

Observez bien l'orthographe (→ Annexe 5):

les verbes qui se terminent par -s/-sh/-ch → -es:	pass → passes	finish → finishes	watch → watches
les verbes qui se terminent par -y → -ies:	study → studies	try → tries	
Notez aussi:	do → does	go → goes	

B

Le PRESENT SIMPLE s'emploie pour parler de vérités générales et pour décrire des situations et des actions fréquentes ou habituelles. En français, on emploie le présent:

- I **like** big cities. *J'aime les grandes villes.*
- Your English is good. You **speak** very well. ... *Vous parlez très bien.*
- Tim **works** very hard. He **starts** at 7.30 and **finishes** at 8 o'clock in the evening.
... *travaille ... commence ... finit ...*
- The earth **goes** round the sun. *La terre tourne autour du soleil.*
- We **do** a lot of different things in our free time. *Nous faisons beaucoup de choses ...*
- It **costs** a lot of money to build a hospital. *Cela coûte très cher ...*

C

Le PRESENT SIMPLE s'emploie avec **always/never/often/usually/sometimes**. Ces adverbes se placent devant le verbe:

- Sue **always gets** to work early. (et non pas Sue gets always)
Sue arrive toujours tôt au travail.
- I **never eat** breakfast. (et non pas I eat never)
Je ne prends jamais de petit déjeuner.
- We **often go away** at weekends. *Nous partons souvent le weekend.*
- Mark **usually plays** football on Sundays. *D'habitude Mark joue au football le dimanche.*
- I **sometimes walk** to work, but not very often.
Je vais parfois à pied au travail, mais pas très souvent.

6.1 Mettez les verbes à la troisième personne du singulier (he / she / it + -s ou -es).

- 1 (read) she reads 3 (fly) it 5 (have) she
 2 (think) he 4 (dance) he 6 (finish) it

6.2 Les phrases se réfèrent aux personnes dans les illustrations. Complétez-les avec les verbes suivants:

eat go live ~~play~~ play sleep



- 1 He plays the piano.
 2 They in a very big house.
 3 a lot of fruit.
 4 tennis.
 5 to the cinema a lot.
 6 seven hours a night.

UNITÉ 6

6.1

- 2 thinks 5 has
 3 flies 6 finishes
 4 dances

6.2

- 2 live 5 They go
 3 She eats 6 He sleeps
 4 He plays

6.3 Complétez les phrases avec les verbes suivants:

boil close cost cost like like meet open ~~speak~~ teach wash

- 1 Maria speaks four languages.
 2 The shops in the city centre usually at 9 o'clock in the morning.
 3 The City Museum at 5 o'clock in the evening.
 4 Tina is a teacher. She mathematics to young children.
 5 My job is very interesting. I a lot of people.
 6 Peter's car is always dirty. He never it.
 7 Food is expensive. It a lot of money.
 8 Shoes are expensive. They a lot of money.
 9 Water at 100 degrees Celsius.
 10 Julia and I are good friends. I her and she me.

6.3

- 2 open 7 costs
 3 closes 8 cost
 4 teaches 9 boils
 5 meet 10 like ... likes
 6 washes

6.4 Rédigez des phrases avec les mots ci-dessous. Mettez les verbes à la forme qui convient (arrive ou arrives etc.).

- 1 (always / early / Sue / arrive) Sue always arrives early.
 2 (to the cinema / never / I / go) I
 3 (work / Martina / hard / always)
 4 (like / chocolate / children / usually)
 5 (Julia / parties / enjoy / always)
 6 (often / people's names / I / forget)
 7 (television / Tim / watch / never)
 8 (usually / dinner / we / have / at 7.30)
 9 (Jenny / always / nice clothes / wear)

6.4

- 2 I never go to the cinema.
 3 Martina always works hard.
 4 Children usually like chocolate.
 5 Julia always enjoys parties.
 6 I often forget people's names.
 7 Tim never watches television.
 8 We usually have dinner at 7.30.
 9 Jenny always wears nice clothes.

6.5 Rédigez des phrases vous concernant en utilisant always/never/often/sometimes/usually.

- 1 (watch TV in the evening) I usually watch TV in the evening.
 2 (read in bed) I
 3 (get up before 7 o'clock)
 4 (go to work/school by bus)
 5 (drink coffee in the morning)

6.5

Exemples de réponses:

- 2 I sometimes read in bed.
 3 I often get up before 7 o'clock.
 4 I never go to work by bus.
 5 I usually drink two cups of coffee in the morning.