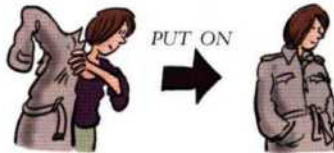


A

Certains PHRASAL VERBS (**put on** / **take off** etc.) peuvent avoir un objet. Par exemple:

verbe	objet
put on	your coat
mettez	vosre manteau



On peut dire:

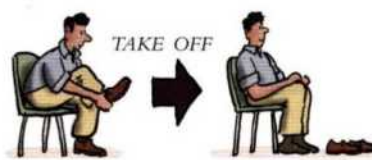
put on your coat
ou **put** your coat **on**

Mais les pronoms (**it**/**them** etc.) précèdent toujours **on/off** etc.:

put **it on** (et non pas put on it)

- It was cold, so I **put on** my coat.
(ou I **put** my coat **on**)
- Here's your coat. **Put it on**.
Voici votre manteau. Mettez-le.

verbe	objet
take off	your shoes
enlevez	vos chaussures



On peut dire:

take off your shoes
ou **take** your shoes **off**

take **them off** (et non pas take off them)

- I'm going to **take off** my shoes.
(ou **take** my shoes **off**)
- Your shoes are dirty. **Take them off**.
Vos chaussures sont sales. Enlevez-les.

B

Voici d'autres PHRASAL VERBS suivis d'un objet:

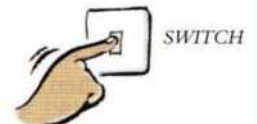
turn on / **turn off** (lights, machines, taps etc.)
= allumer/éteindre (la lumière, des appareils etc.),
ouvrir/fermer (le robinet d'eau):

- It was dark, so I **turned on** the light.
(ou I **turned** the light **on**) ... j'ai allumé la lumière.
- I don't want to watch this programme.
You can **turn it off**. ... Tu peux l'éteindre.



On dit aussi **switch on** / **switch off** (lights, machines etc.) = allumer/éteindre:

- I **switched on** the light and **switched off** the television.



pick up / **put down** = ramasser/poser:

- Those are my keys on the floor.
Can you **pick them up** for me?
- I stopped reading and **put** my book **down**.
(ou **put down** my book)

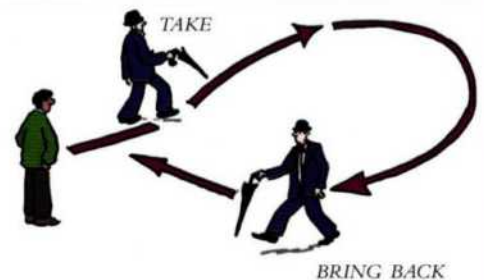


bring back = rapporter (à celui ou celle qui parle):

- You can take my umbrella, but please
bring it back. ... mais rapportez-le ...

take back = rapporter (à celui ou celle dont on parle):

- I **took** my new sweater **back** to the shop.
It was too small for me. J'ai rapporté mon
nouveau pull ...



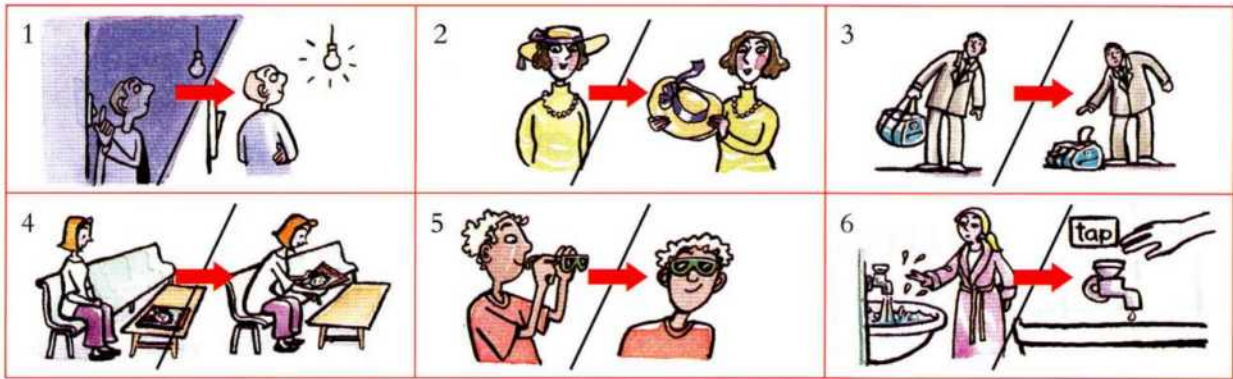
give back = rendre:

- I've got Rachel's keys. I have to **give them back** to her.
... Je dois les lui rendre.

put back = remettre:

- I read the letter and then I **put it back** in the envelope. ... et je l'ai remise dans l'enveloppe.

113.1 Observez les illustrations. Que viennent de faire ces personnes?



- 1 He turned on the light
- 2 She
- 3 He
- 4 She
- 5 He
- 6 She

113.2 Ces phrases peuvent s'écrire de trois manières différentes. Complétez le tableau.

1	I turned on the radio.	<u>I turned the radio on.</u>	<u>I turned it on.</u>
2	He put on his jacket.	He	He
3	She	She took her glasses off.
4	I picked up the phone.
5	They gave back the key.
6	We turned the lights off.

113.3 Complétez les phrases. Choisissez un des verbes ci-dessous + it ou them.

bring back pick up switch off take back turn on

- 1 I wanted to watch something on television, so I turned it on
- 2 My new lamp doesn't work. I'm going to to the shop.
- 3 There were some gloves on the floor, so I and put them on the table.
- 4 The heating was on but it was too warm, so I
- 5 Thank you for lending me these books. I won't forget to

113.4 Avant de faire cet exercice, révisez les verbes dans l'Annexe 7 (page 237). Complétez les phrases en utilisant les verbes appropriés dans l'encadré. Ajoutez it/them/me si nécessaire.

fill in	knock down	look up	show round	turn down
give up	knock over	put out	throw away	try on

- 1 They knocked a lot of houses down when they built the new road.
- 2 That music is very loud. Can you turn it down ?
- 3 I a glass and broke it.
- 4 'What does this word mean?' 'Here's a dictionary. You can ?
- 5 I want to keep these magazines. Please don't
- 6 I a pair of shoes in the shop, but I didn't buy them.
- 7 I visited a school last week. One of the teachers
- 8 'Do you play the piano?' 'No, I started to learn, but I after a month.'
- 9 Somebody gave me a form and told me to
- 10 Smoking isn't allowed here. Please your cigarette

113.1

- 2 She took off her hat. *ou*
She took her hat off.
- 3 He put down his bag. *ou*
He put his bag down.
- 4 She picked up the
magazine. *ou* She picked the
magazine up.
- 5 He put on his sunglasses. *ou*
He put his sunglasses on.
- 6 She turned off the tap. *ou*
She turned the tap off.

113.2

- 2 He put his jacket on.
He put it on.
- 3 She took off her glasses.
She took them off.
- 4 I picked the phone up.
I picked it up.
- 5 They gave the key back.
They gave it back.
- 6 We turned off the lights.
We turned them off.

113.3

- 2 take it back
- 3 picked them up
- 4 switched it off
- 5 bring them back

113.4

- 3 knocked over
- 4 look it up
- 5 throw them away
- 6 tried on
- 7 showed me round
- 8 gave it up *ou* gave up (*sans* it)
- 9 fill it in
- 10 put your cigarette out

Annexe 7 Phrasal verbs + objet (put out a fire / give up your job etc.)

Voici une liste des PHRASAL VERBS les plus courants qui sont suivis d'un objet (→ Unité 113).

in/out **fill in / fill out** a form = *remplir un formulaire*

- Can you **fill in this form**, please? *ou*
- Can you **fill out this form**, please?

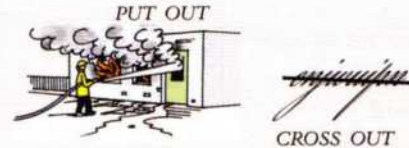


out **put out** = *éteindre un incendie, une cigarette etc.*

- The fire brigade arrived and **put the fire out**.

cross out = *biffer une faute, un mot etc.*

- If you make a mistake, **cross it out**.



on **try on** clothes = *essayer des habits*

- This is a nice jacket. Shall I **try it on**?

up **give up** something = *arrêter, renoncer, cesser de faire quelque chose*

- Sue **gave up her job** when her baby was born. ... *a cessé de travailler ...*

- 'Are you still learning Italian?' 'No, I **gave it up**.' ... *'Non, j'ai renoncé.'*

look up (a word in a dictionary etc.) = *chercher (un mot dans le dictionnaire, etc.)*

- I didn't know the meaning of the word, so I **looked it up** in a dictionary.

turn up = *augmenter le volume, le chauffage etc.*

- Can you **turn the radio up**? I can't hear it.

wake up = *réveiller quelqu'un*

- I have to get up early tomorrow. Can you **wake me up** at 6.30?

down **knock down** a building = *démolir un bâtiment*

- They are going to **knock down** the school and build a new one.

turn down = *baisser le volume, le chauffage etc.*

- The music is too loud. Can you **turn it down**?



over **knock over** = *renverser (un objet ou une personne)*

- Be careful. Don't **knock your cup over**.

On dit aussi: be **knocked over** (by a car etc.) = *se faire renverser*

- There was an accident at the end of the road. A man was **knocked over** by a car.

(*ou* A man was **knocked down** by a car.)



away **throw away** = *jeter (ordures, choses dont on veut se débarrasser, etc.)*

- These apples are bad. Shall I **throw them away**?
- Don't **throw away that picture**. I want it.

put something **away** = *ranger à sa place*

- After they finished playing, the children **put their toys away**.
... *les enfants ont rangé leurs jouets.*



back **pay** somebody **back** = *rendre de l'argent qu'on a emprunté à quelqu'un*

- Thank you for lending me the money. I'll **pay you back** next week.

... *Je te le rendrai ...*

round/ **show** somebody **round/around** = *faire visiter un endroit à quelqu'un*

- We visited a factory last week. The manager **showed us round**.